# **BFZ Community Investments**

# **Funding Programs for HSLC Communities**

## **Flex Funds**

## Short-term (6 months - 1 year)

Unrestricted dollars to address individuals' barriers to housing, effectively stabilize, or prevent individuals from becoming homeless and achieve "quick wins" toward communities' goals/aims.

**Funding purposes:** Cover costs that are not otherwise covered by available programs and providers, such as:

- Back rent + utilities/debt
- Application fees
- Transportation
- Court fees
- Pet fees
- Deposits

# **Catalytic Investments**

Mid-to-Long Term (1-2 years)

Investments to test and implement new models, proof of concept programs, or efforts to change structural conditions that have a high likelihood of achieving results on key BFZ metrics.

## **Funding examples:**

- Diversion pilot → Reduce inflow
- Mental Health Triage → Reduce inflow
- Peer Outreach Model → Reduce LoT & Housing Placements

# Flexible Funding

# **Flex Funding Overview**

# Flexible Funds clear the path on individual-level barriers to housing to accelerate community progress toward ending homelessness.

## **Rationale:**

- Existing programs and benefits are insufficient to cover actual costs of individuals staying/becoming housed.
- From identification to housing, **investing in individuals' unique, short-term needs is more cost effective** than the longer-term, more expensive cost of experiencing homelessness.
- Resources that are right-timed to meet emergent needs are critical to clearing individual barriers to housing and/or remaining housed.
- Changing community conditions influence the kind of flexible resources individuals' need at a given time, in a specific community/region.
- Being nimble in both funding administration and parameters allows for real-time response to individuals' need
  in order to achieve the community's goals.
- Demonstrating the **value and effectiveness of flexible resources at driving reductions** makes the case for support from long-term funding sources.

## Flex Fund Strategies to Drive Outcomes

## **Decrease Inflow (Prevention & Diversion)**

Funds to help stabilize households/individuals who are at risk of losing permanent housing and entering into literal homelessness

#### Utility & Rental Payments

Examples: First and last month's rent, back-owed rent, utility bills, utility and rental deposits

## Transportation Assistance

Examples: Car repairs, public transit, gas voucher or gas station gift cards, rideshare services

### Engagement Support & Incentivization

Examples: Phone or hotspots; gift cards as incentives for engagement, creative outreach

#### Short-Term Child Care Assistance

Examples: Support for families to be able to have safe, consistent child care

#### **Documentation Fees**

Examples: Assistance paying for photo identification, birth certificates, background checks. etc

**Emergency/Temporary Housing** 

Examples: Short term payments for

## Cleaning & Trash Removal Services

Examples: Payments for removal of trash and items, pest control, cleaners

#### **Relocation Assistance**

Examples: Plane, train, bus tickets, movers, moving costs, gas voucher or gas station gift cards

# hotel/motel or other short-term housing

Move-in Costs/Administrative fees

Examples: Application fees, holding fees, security
deposits, truck rental, movers, storage,
furniture/furnishings, realtor/broker fees,
miscellaneous move in costs

Social Network Supports
Examples: Assistance with groceries,
utilities, childcare, other costs of
cohabiting or utilizing family & social
support networks

## General Housing/Income Stability Examples: Items needed for employment, Connection

to benefits, Other goods or payments needed related to housing and income stability

### Clearing Rental & Financial History

Examples: Justice-related fees and fines, large amounts of debt/wage garnishments, credit repair services, legal services, financial literacy courses

## **Increase Outflow (Housing Placement + Property Engagement)**

Funds to support individuals experiencing literal homelessness to be able to quickly enter permanent housing

#### **Utility & Rental Payments**

Examples: First and last month's rent, back-owed rent, utility bills, utility and rental deposits

#### Transportation Assistance

Examples: Car repairs, public transit, gas voucher or gas station gift cards, rideshare services

## Engagement Support & Incentivization

Examples: Phone or hotspots; gift cards as incentives for engagement, creative outreach

#### Short-Term Child Care Assistance

Examples: Support for families to be able to have safe, consistent child care

### **Documentation Fees**

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## Social Network Supports

Examples: Assistance with groceries, utilities, childcare, other costs of cohabiting or utilizing family & social support networks

### **Clearing Rental & Financial History**

Examples: Justice-related fees and fines, large amounts of debt/wage garnishments, credit repair services, legal services, financial literacy courses

## Risk Mitigation

Example: Set-aside funds for hesitant property owners to assure that costs incurred by tenants are covered in the event of damage or lease termination.

#### **Property Owner Incentivization**

Example: Offering incentives - such as double deposits - to property owners to extend leases to ndividuals who have/are experienced homelessness

## Impact Measures:

Individuals returning to BNL, Newly Identified individuals

## **Impact Measures:**

Housing Placement Rate, Length of Time on BNL & total exits from the BNL

Reductions in Actively Homeless



Functional Zero + Sustaining

# **Catalytic Investments**

# **Catalytic Investment Overview**

# To achieve and sustain critical BFZ aims, resources are needed to shift the systems conditions that hold problems in place.

## **Rationale:**

- Resources are needed but less available from traditional funding sources to address structural
  conditions that could unlock systems change.
- Investments in **solving "sticky" system-level problems may have a longer time horizon** to see shifts in population-level indicators, but early indicators of changing systems conditions can be detected.
- Approaches to catalyzing systems change can be varied such as:
  - **Testing new practices, creating proof of concept for continuation and scaling** (i.e. Peer Outreach, resource triaging, system-wide diversion and prevention, etc.)
  - Enabling otherwise disparate partners for collaboration and action
  - Funding that focuses on embedding racially equitable practices and policies
  - Support to leverage the expertise of those with lived experience to improve the system for those it serves.
- To be successful at changing the system, Catalytic Investments should **target multiple system conditions.**
- As a sector leader, Community Solutions is well-positioned to support communities' to test models and scale successful efforts.

# **Catalyzing System Change for Impact**

- Interdependent conditions play a role in holding a social or environmental problem in place.1
- Targeting those conditions at different levels structural, relational, transformative - increases the success of systems change.
- BFZ Communities can detect the system-level problems and the conditions holding them in place through multiple data sources:
  - PMT Data
  - Systems Mapping
  - PDSA Cycles (what worked/did not)
  - Stakeholder experience/observation
  - Experience of those in the system
- Using the above sources, BFZ Communities can identify (with coaching support) which conditions they need to focus on to create change.

## Six Conditions for Systems Change 1

## Structural

## **Resource Flows**

Increasing system-level sustainability and strategically filling critical gaps to resources

### **Practice**

Changing the status quo for practices, testing new models, or tweaking old ones to shift the way the system is working

## **Policy**

Advocacy for policy change, rewriting existing policy to affect system outcomes

### Relational

# Relationships & Connections

Bringing together disparate partners, strengthening nascent partnerships, and building stronger collaboration and communication among system actors

## **Power Dynamics**

Developing structures, teams, that create power dynamics that enable effective and equitable systems

### **Transformative**

## **Mental Models**

Shifting deeply held beliefs and assumptions and taken-for-granted ways of operating.

1. Based on <u>FSG's "Waters of Systems Change"</u>

## **Catalytic Investment Example**



### **Resource Flows Practice Policy** Changing how assets and Changing the status quo for Structural infrastructure is allocated Advocacy for policy change, practices, testing new and distributed to increase models, or tweaking old ones rewriting existing policy to to shift the way the system is affect system outcomes sustainability and address resource gaps and inequities working Relationships & **Power Dynamics Connections** Developing structures, teams, Bringing together disparate and decision-making partners, strengthening nascent Relational processes that enable partnerships, and building effective and equitable stronger collaboration and communication among system systems actors **Mental Models** Shifting deeply held beliefs and **Transformative** assumptions and taken-for-granted ways of operating.