

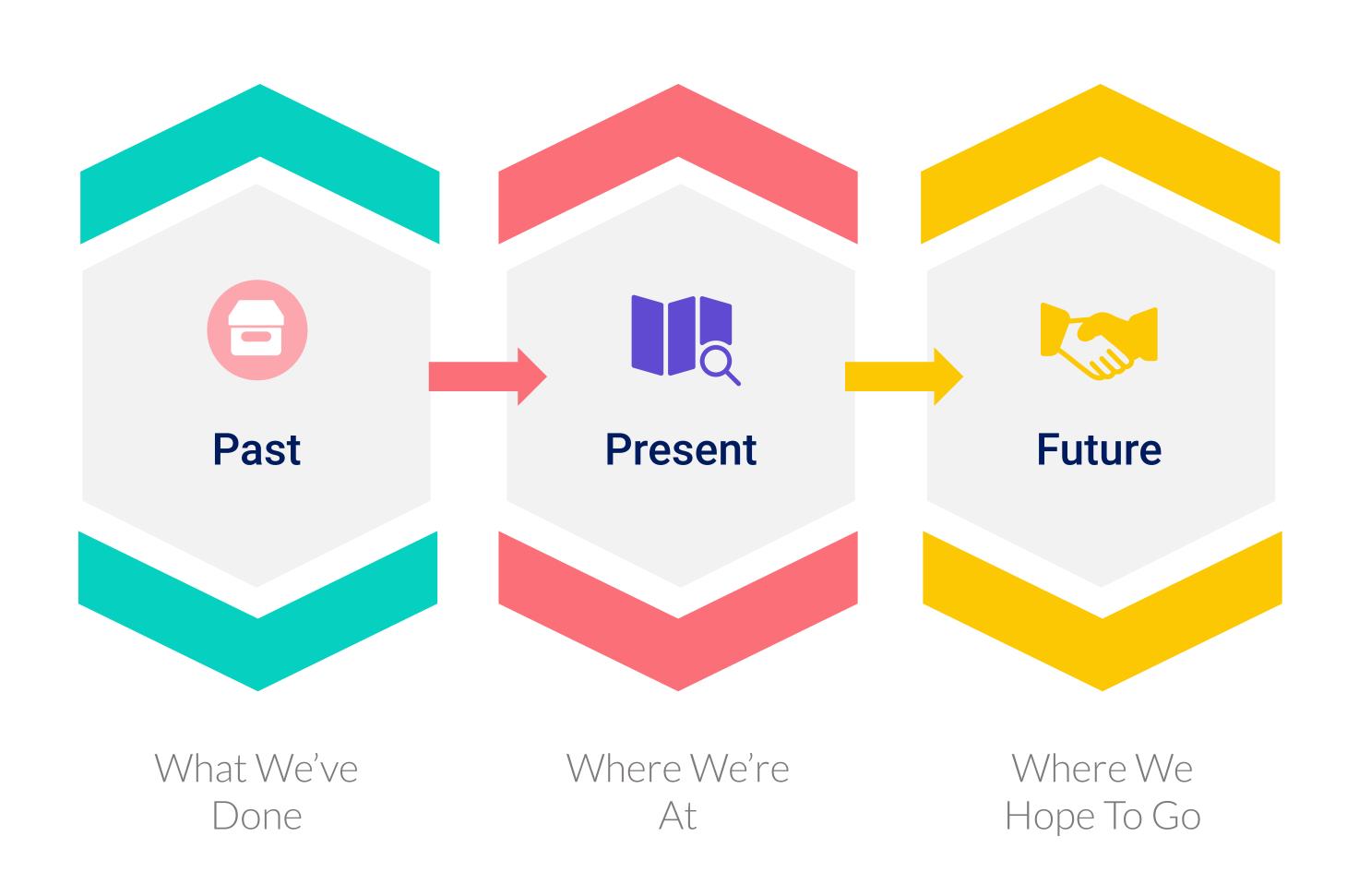
# STRATEGIES TO END HOMELESSNESS

Developing a Coordinated Diversion System in Cincinnati

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### Overview

What we'll cover today



### Cincinnati's Exploration of Possibilities

How we got here

What DATA do we have available?

Exploration

Strategy Development Identify key stakeholders, strategic priorities



New strategy ideas

Analyze available data

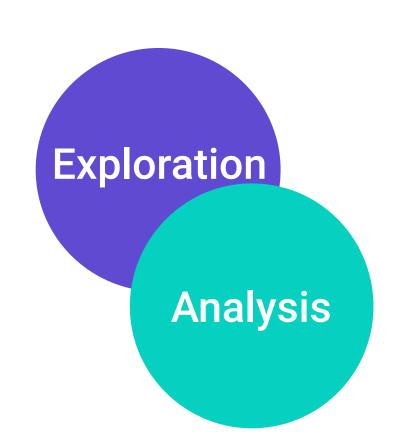
Analysis

More questions, more analysis

More Analysis

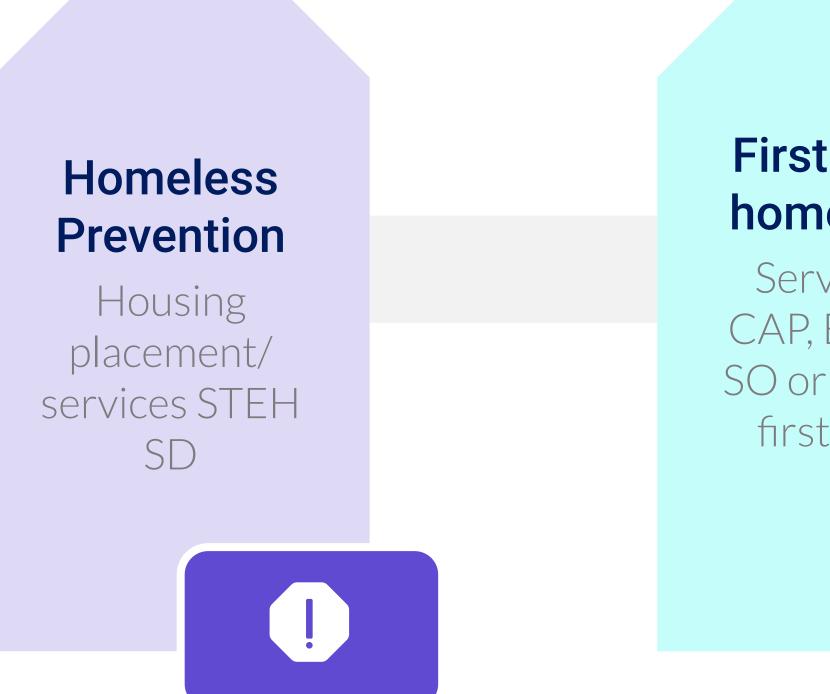
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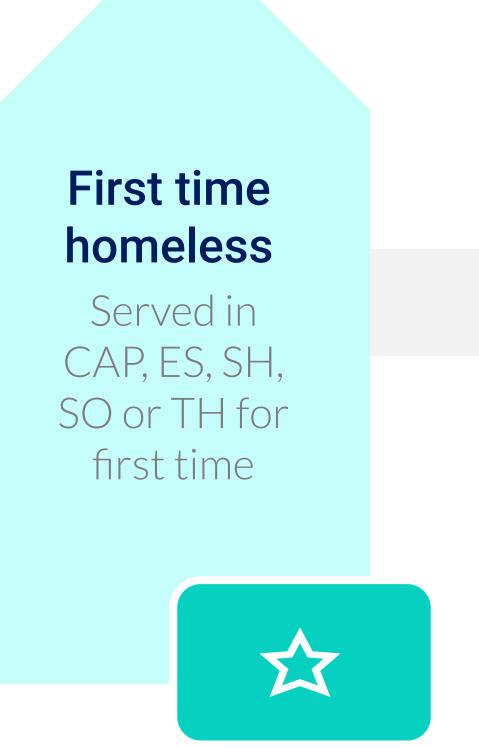
Side Exploration



### Three Types of System Use

We started with three general categories of people engaged in the system



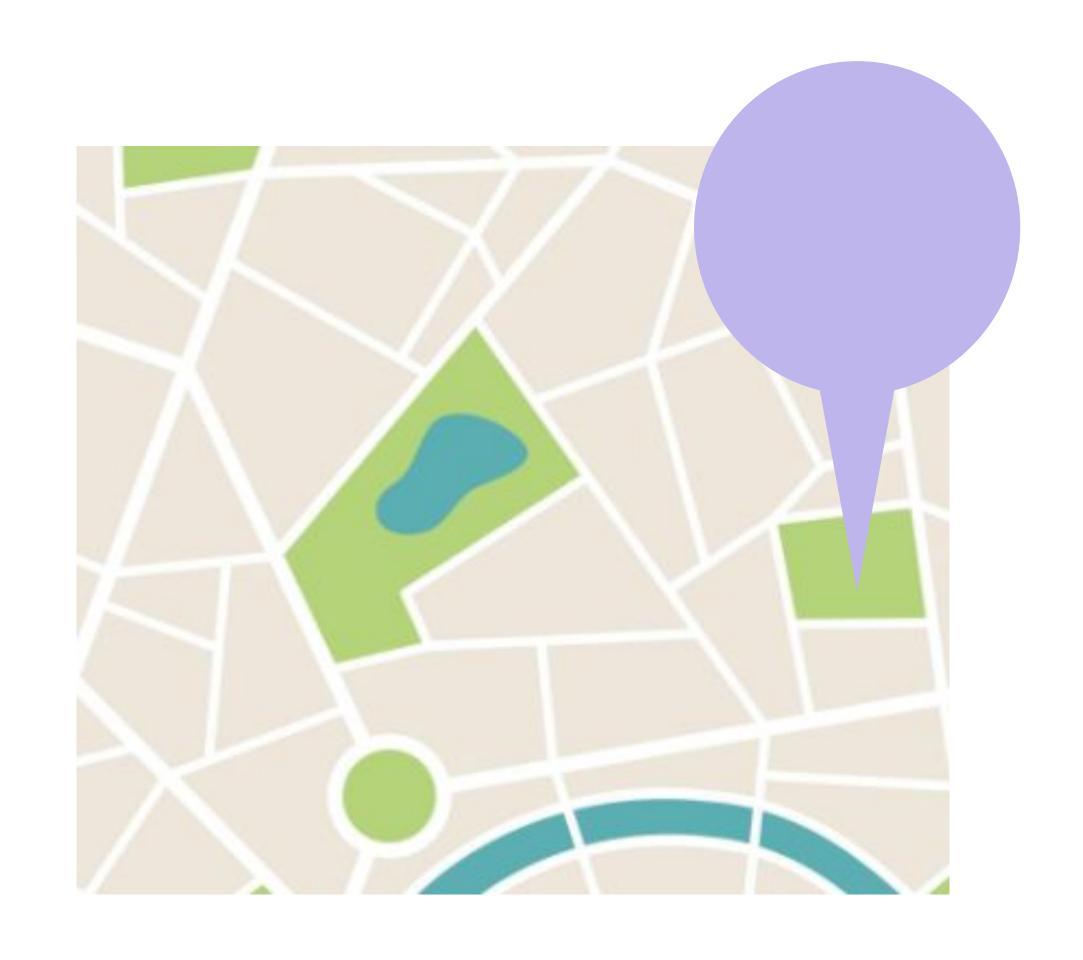


# Returning Served in CAP, ES, SH, SO or TH with prior intake 2+ years earlier



## High Frequency Zip Codes

A few zip codes
popped to the top
of every
sub-population we
reviewed





### Downtown

- Numerous
   service providers
- Data quality of zip code
- Focus of current initiatives



Image by macrovector on Freepik



### Focus: Westwood

- Largest Cincy neighborhood
- Affordable housing
- No current
   partnerships
- Reliance on churches / neighborhood resources



Image by macrovector on Freepik



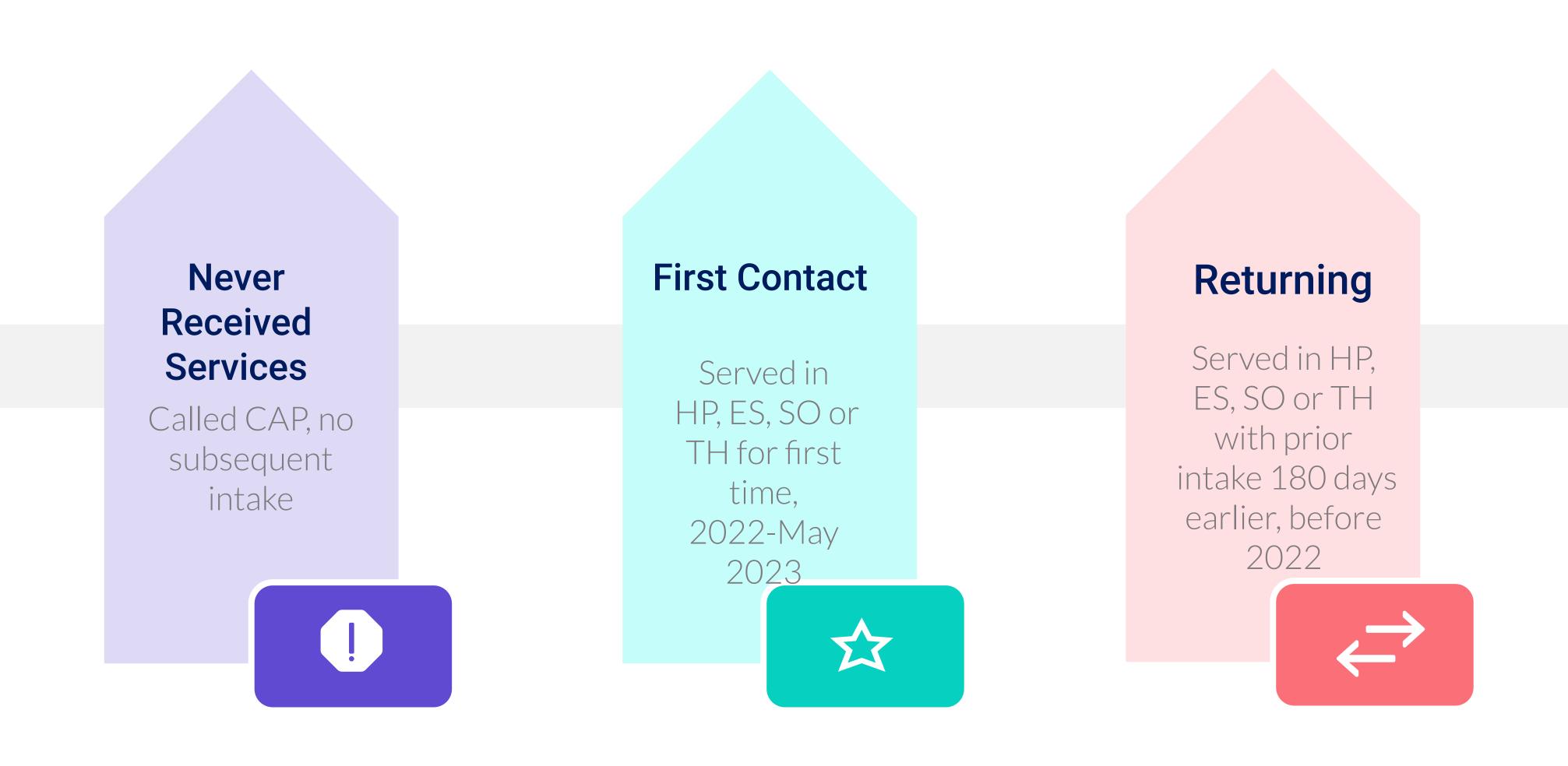
## Develop Strategic Priorities



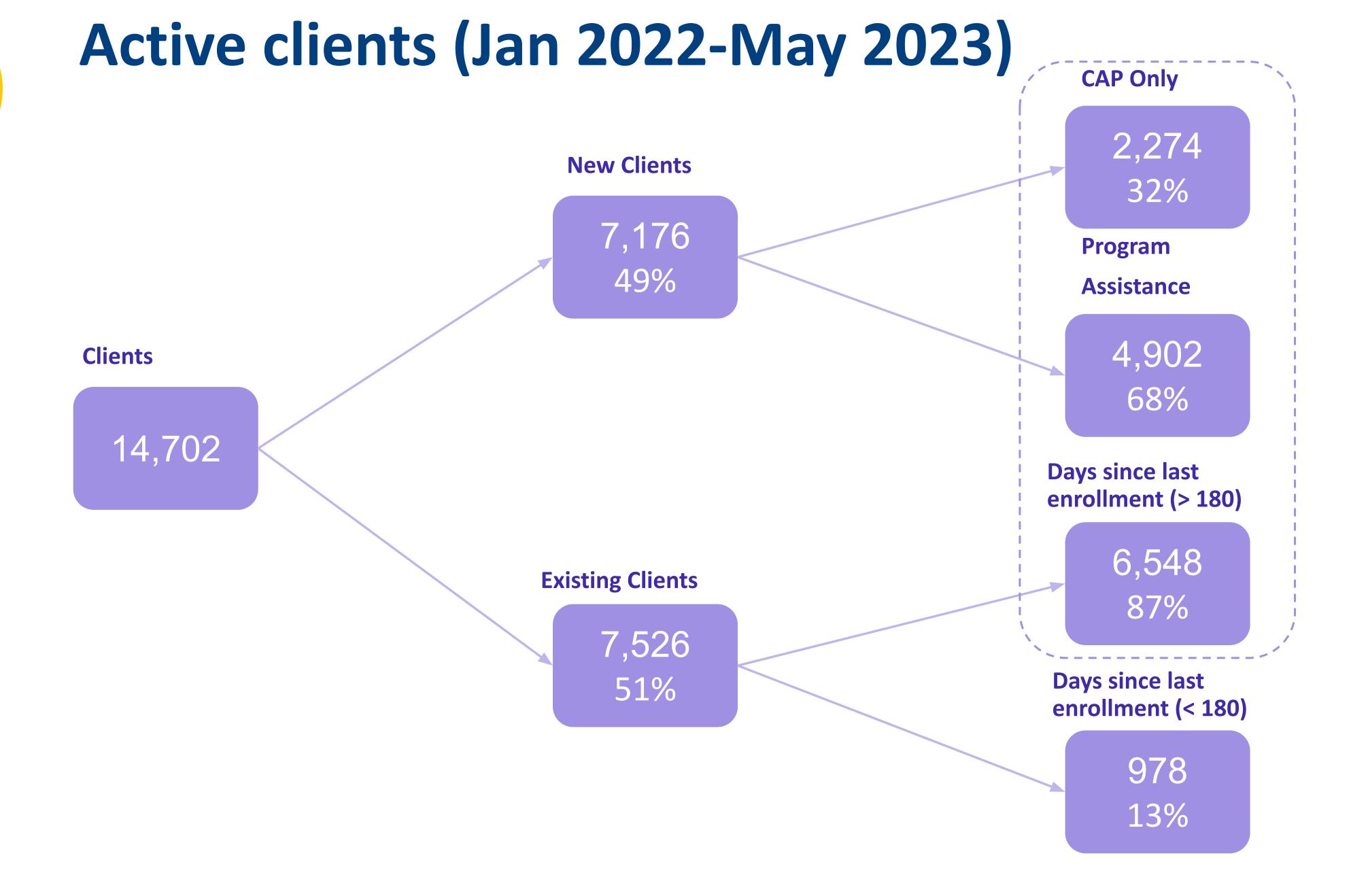


### More Analysis

We updated the general categories used for analysis



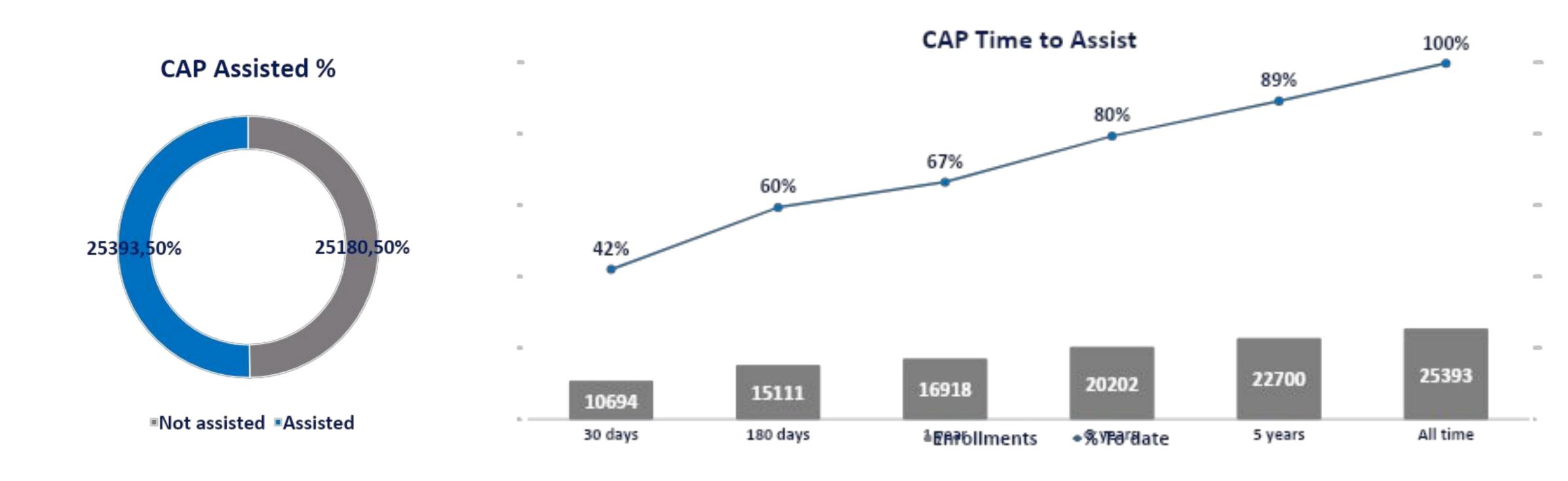
More
Analysis





## Assist %, : What share of CAP callers are assisted and how soon is this provided?

- 1. Half of CAP callers will receive program assistance
- 2. 42% of assistance will be within 30 days, 60% within 6 months
- 3. 40% CAP Callers will get assistance more than 6 months later



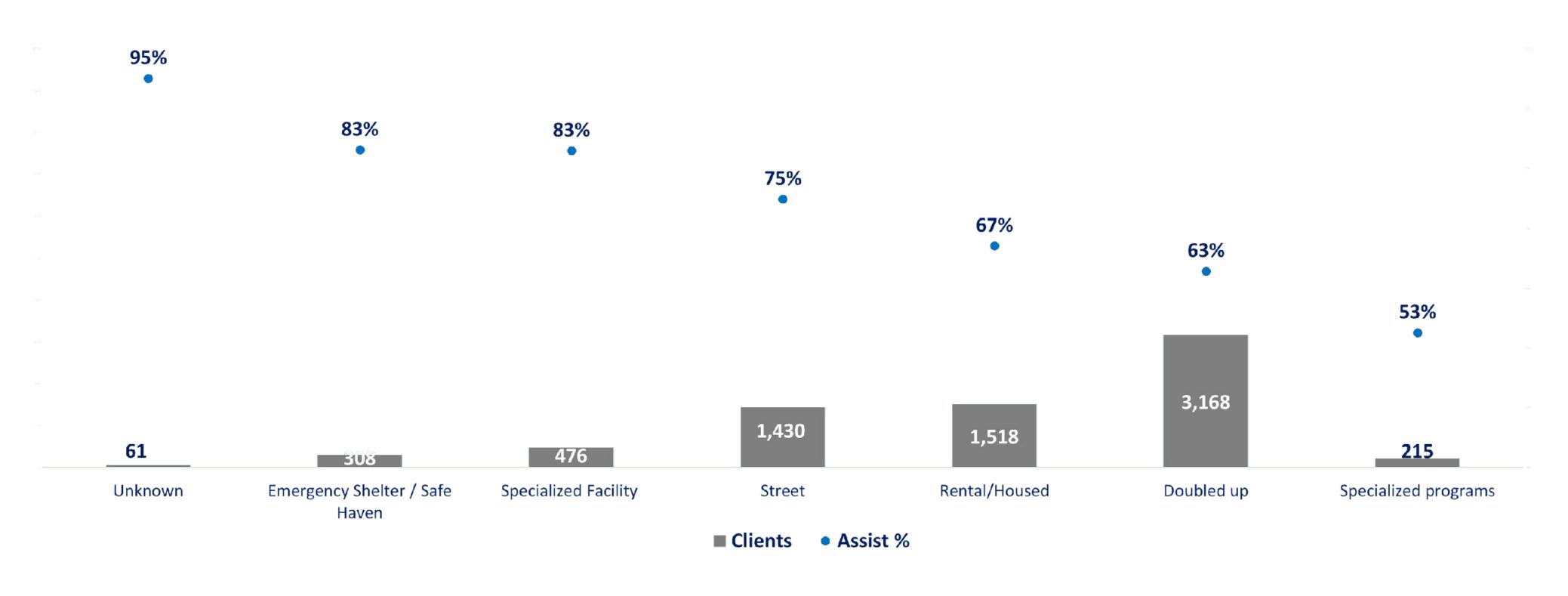


# NEW CLIENTS Insights



## New Clients Assist %: Where were they living before? Prior Living Situation

- 1. Assist % is higher for emergency (Shelter / Street) and Specialized Facility
- 2. Assist % is lower for Rental/Housed, Doubled Up and Specialized programs
- 3. Doubled up is the largest group with lower Assist %

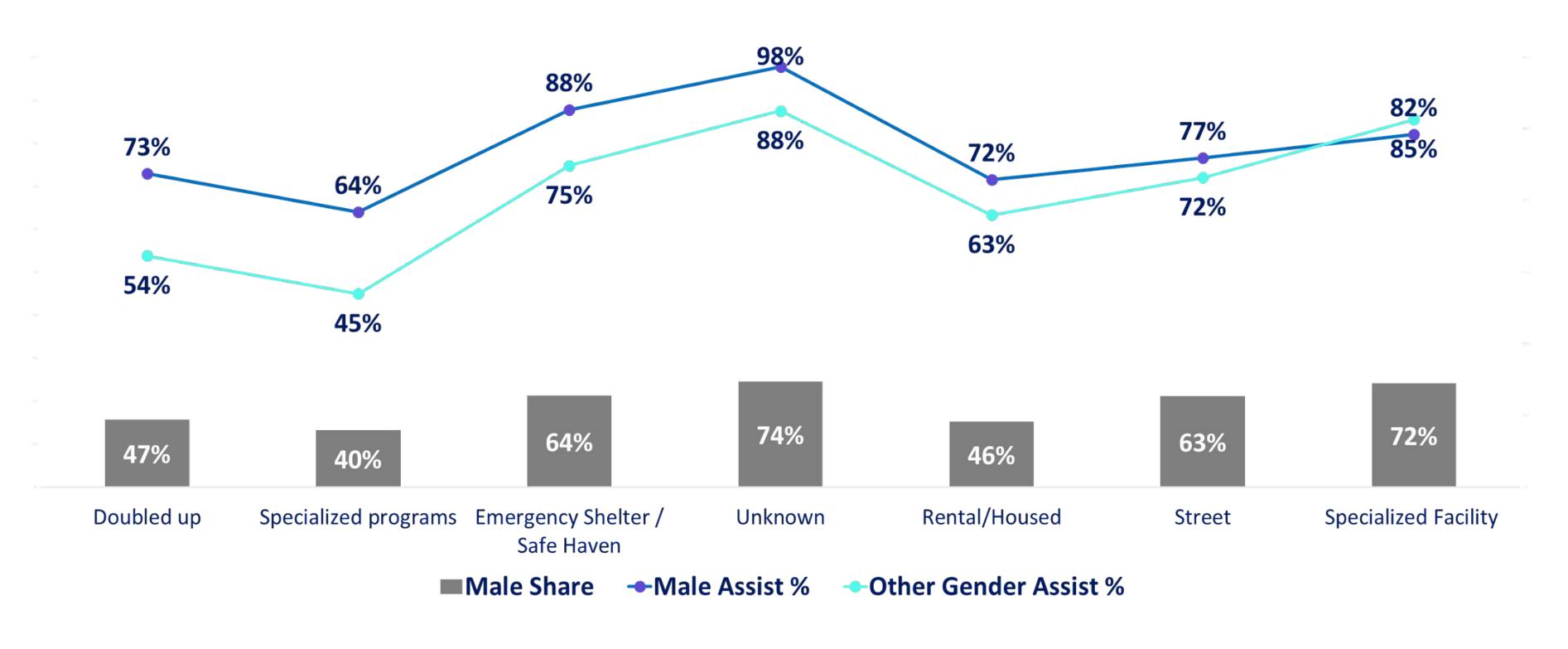


- Specialized Facility: Halfway house, Host home, Foster care, Jail, Hospital, Substance Abuse treatment, Psychiatric facility, Long Term care
- Rental/Housed: Permanent Housing, Renting with Subsidy, Renting no subsidy, Owned with Subsidy, Owned no subsidy, Hotel or Motel
- **Doubled up**: Staying with family, Staying with friends
- Specialized programs: Transitional Housing, Rental RRH, Rental Public housing, Rental HCV, Rental VASH, Rental GPD TIP



## New Clients Assist %: Where were they living before? Prior Living Situation and Gender

- 1. Assist % was significantly higher for Males coming from Doubled up, Specialized programs, Emergency Shelter / Safe Haven, and Rental/Housed
- 2. Male share was significantly higher for Specialized facility, Emergency Shelter / Safe Haven and Street
- 3. Specialized programs had the lowest % of male clients



- Specialized Facility: Halfway house, Host home, Foster care, Jail, Hospital, Substance Abuse treatment, Psychiatric facility, Long Term care
- Rental/Housed: Permanent Housing, Renting with Subsidy, Renting no subsidy, Owned with Subsidy, Owned no subsidy, Hotel or Motel
- **Doubled up**: Staying with family, Staying with friends
- Specialized programs: Transitional Housing, Rental RRH, Rental Public housing, Rental HCV, Rental VASH, Rental GPD TIP



### New Clients Assist %: Where were they living before and for how long? Prior Living Situation and Prior Length of Stay

- 1. Assist % was highest for clients coming from longer prior length of stay (90+ days)
- 2. 84% of clients from specialized programs had prior stay of 90+ days

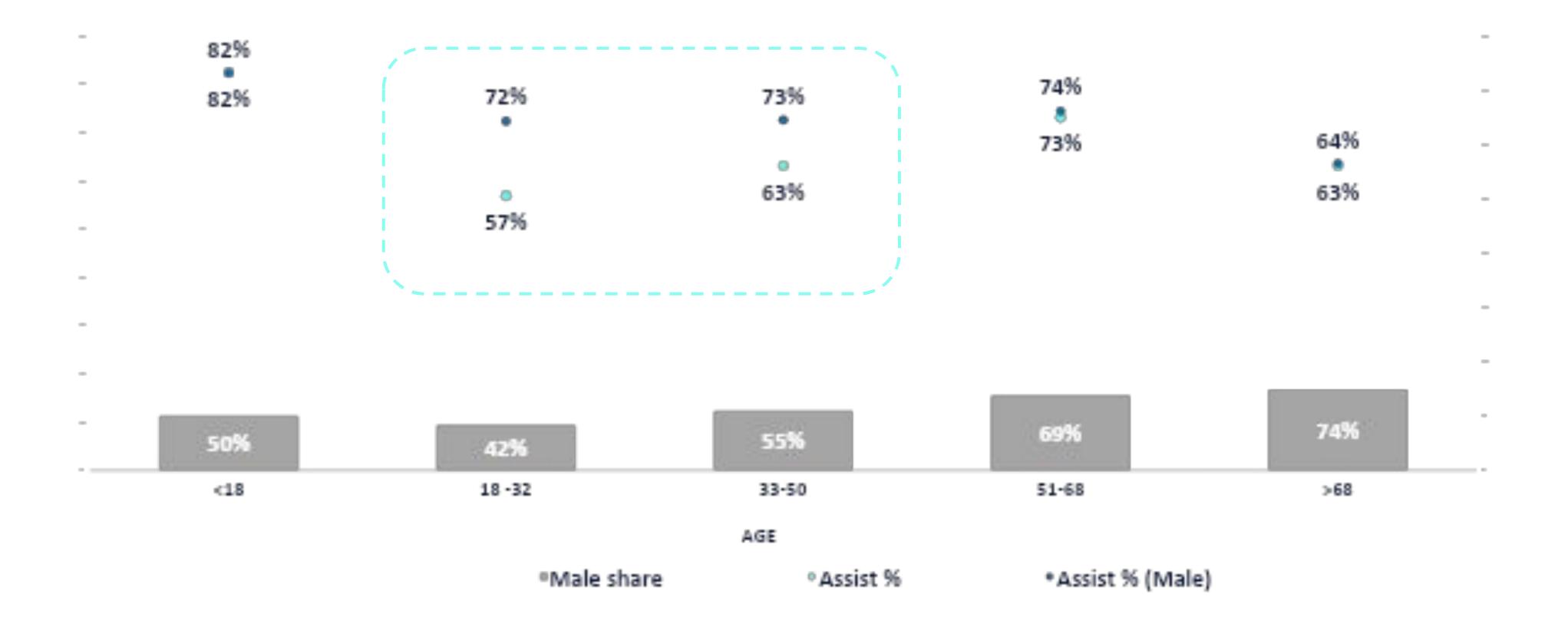


- Rental/Housed: Permanent Housing, Renting with Subsidy, Renting no subsidy, Owned with Subsidy, Owned no subsidy, Hotel or Motel
- **Doubled up**: Staying with family, Staying with friends



# New Clients Assist %: What type of clients? Age and Gender

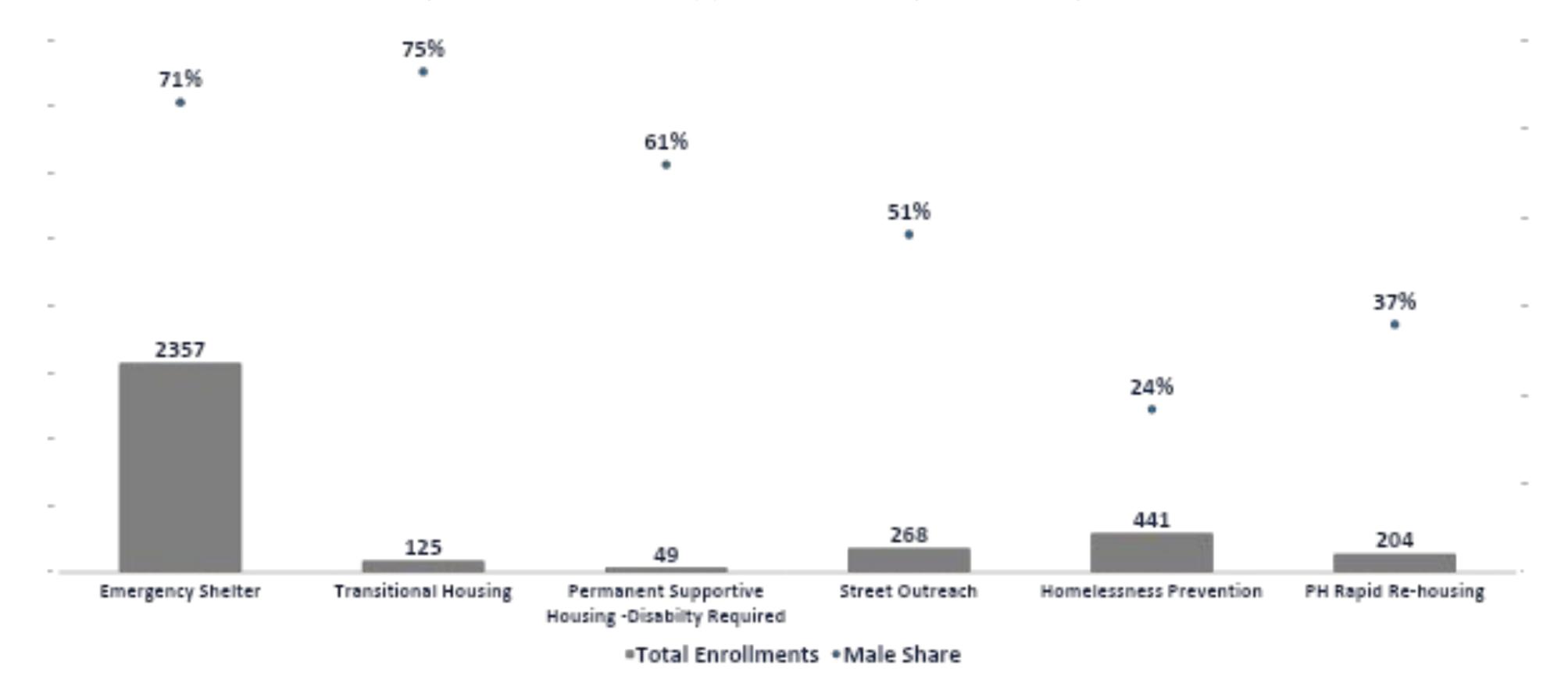
- 1. Younger males (18 32, 33 50) have a higher rate of assistance
- 2. Male share is lowest for 18 32 and higher for older adults (51 68, > 68)
- 3. Overall Assist % is highest for kids (<18) and lowest for seniors (>68)





# New Clients aged 18-50 Enrollments: Program and Gender

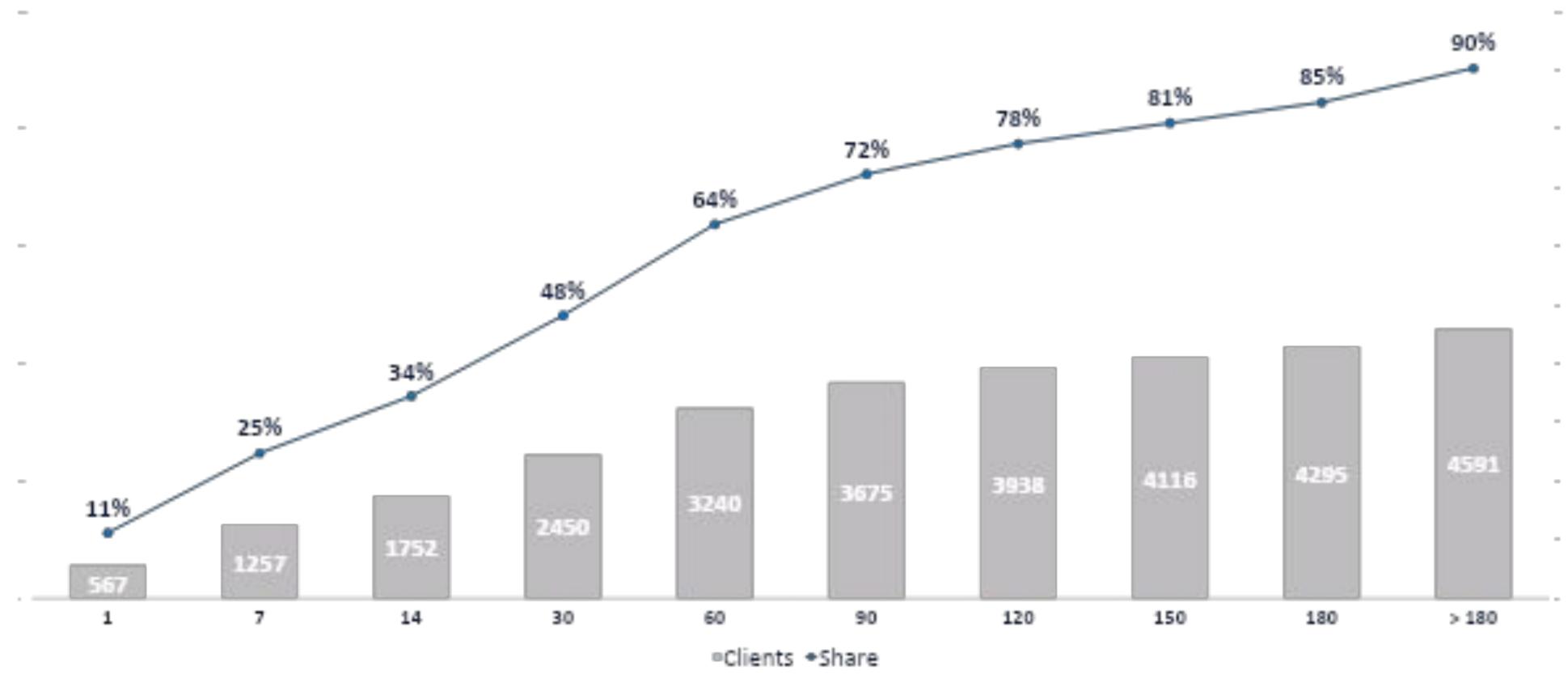
- 1. Emergency shelter enrollments are significantly higher for younger men
- 2. Homeless prevention and Rapid Re-Housing are significantly lower for younger men
- 3. Transitional housing and Permanent Supportive Housing are also higher for men





### New Enrollments: Program Duration (days)

- 1. 34% of assisted clients are exited within 2 weeks, 64% within 60 days
- 2. 15% of assisted clients are exited beyond 180 days

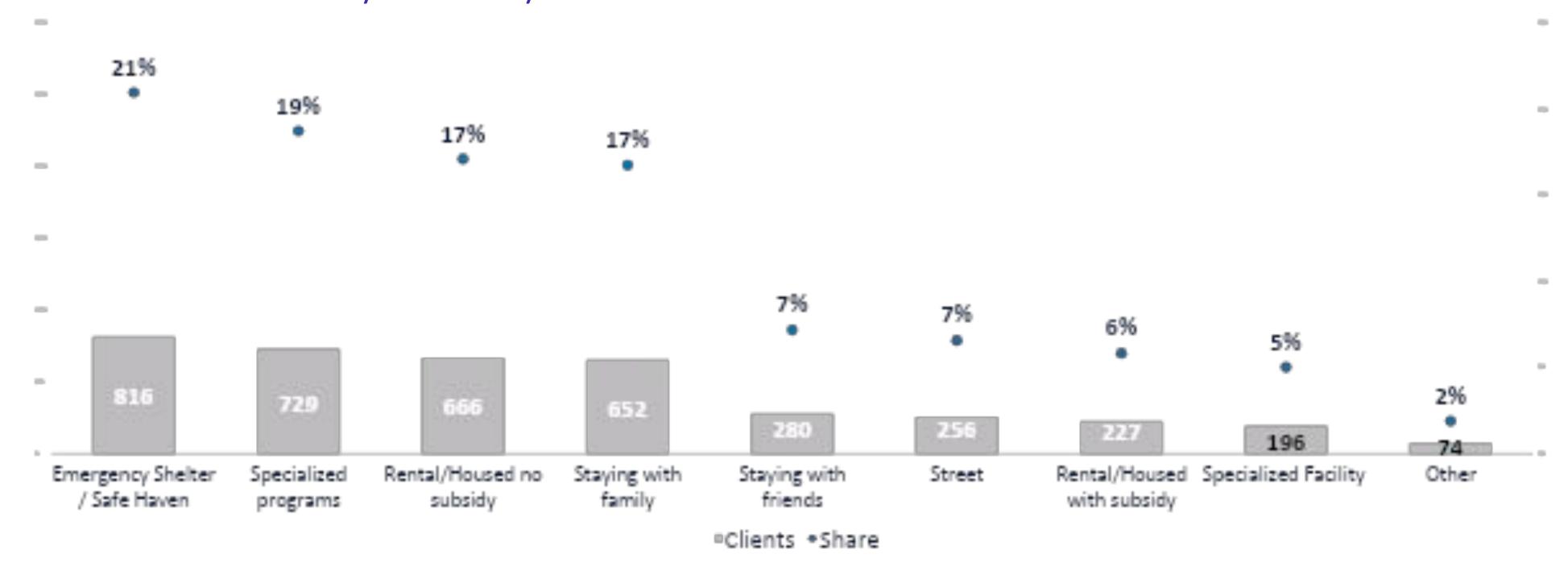


- Excludes clients enrolled in 2023
- 10% of assisted clients prior to 2023 are still active in May 2023



#### New Clients Assisted: Exit Destination is known

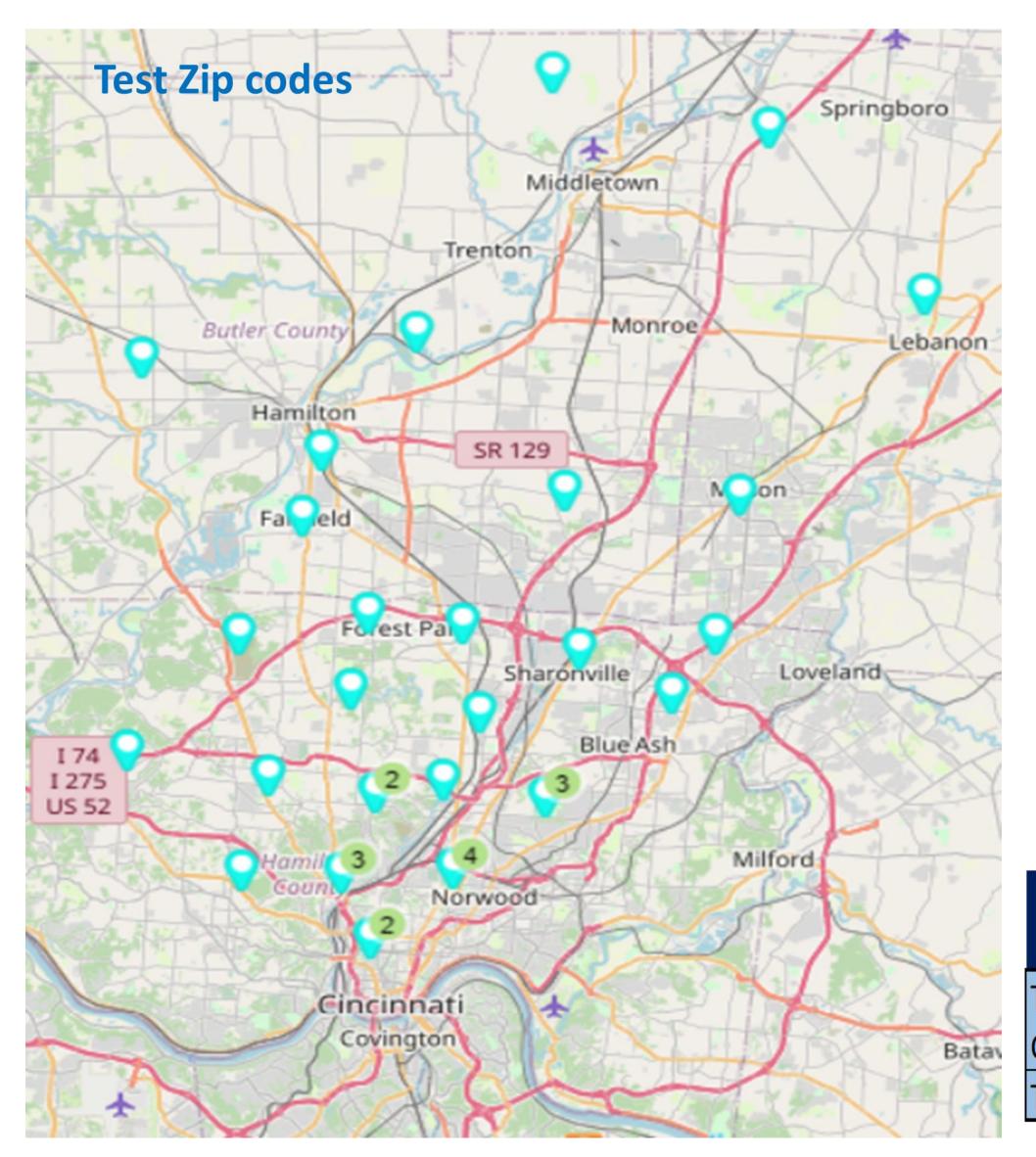
- 1. 21% of clients exit to Emergency Shelter / Safe Haven
- 2. 19% exit to Specialized programs
- 3. 17% exit to Rental / Housed no subsidy
- 4. 17% exit to stay with family



- 46% client exit destinations are unknown
- Specialized programs: Transitional Housing, Rental RRH, Rental Public housing, Rental HCV, Rental VASH, Rental GPD TIP
- Rental/Housed no subsidy: Renting no subsidy, Owned no subsidy, Hotel or Motel
- Rental/Housed with subsidy: Permanent Housing, Renting with Subsidy, Owned with Subsidy
- Specialized Facility: Halfway house, Host home, Foster care, Jail, Hospital, Substance Abuse treatment, Psychiatric facility, Long Term care



#### **New Clients: Measurement**



1.**Sampling**: zip codes selected to get approximately 50% of new clients in test / control groups

2.Implement prevention strategies in test zip codes

3. Pre-test period: Jan 22 – May 23

4.**Test period**: TBD

5. Test statistic: (Assisted Clients - TT / Assisted clients

- TP) / (Assisted Clients - CT / Assisted Clients - CP)

TT – Test zip codes and Test period

TP – Test zip codes and Pre period

• CT – Control zip codes and Test period

CP – Control zip codes and Pre period

• Excludes CAP and Homeless Prevention assistance

|         | New Clients | Assisted Clients | Assisted % | Zip codes |
|---------|-------------|------------------|------------|-----------|
| Test    | 2,739       | 1,435            | 52%        | 35        |
| Control | 2,741       | 1,776            | 65%        | 787       |
| Total   | 5,480       | 3,211            | 59%        | 822       |

• Excluded clients with no zip code data



### Where do we go from here?

|    | INSIGHTS  |    | RECOMMENDATIONS   |
|----|---|----|---|
| 1. | 40% of CAP callers getting assistance, receive it 6 months or later     | 1. | STEH to develop further strategies for returning clients                            |
| 2. | 1/3 of new clients did not get program assistance                       | 2. | Identify programs to support CAP only new clients                                   |
| 3. | Clients with more stable prior housing situations (Rental/Housed,       | 3. | Strategies to help with client segments with higher instability                     |
|    | Doubled up, Special Programs) have lower assistance rates               |    | • Females or Doubled up with shorter prior stays (<90 days)                         |
| 4. | Younger females ( $18 - 50$ ) are less likely to get assistance and are |    | Females coming from specialized programs or Emergency shelter                       |
|    | higher share of this population   |    | <ul> <li>Females or Rental/Housed with shorter prior stays (&lt;90 days)</li> </ul> |
| 5. | 64% of enrollments are for 60 days or less, 15% are enrolled for 6      |    | • Street with shorter prior stays (<90 days)  |
|    | months or longer  | 4. | Emergency shelter programs geared towards the needs of female clients               |
| 6. | Clients are more likely to exit to unfunded (Rental / Housed no         | 5. | Consider the program matching process to reduce longer term usage of                |
|    | Subsidy, Staying with family) and funded (Shelter, Specialized          |    | program assistance  |
|    | programs)   | 6. | Additional analysis needed into the longer term impact of exit destination          |
|    |   |    | on homelessness   |
|    |   |    |   |
|    |   |    |   |
|    |   |    |   |

